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NEWS 3	DEC 21	IPC search and display fields enhanced in CA/CAplus with the IPC reform
NEWS 4	DEC 23	New IPC8 SEARCH, DISPLAY, and SELECT fields in USPATFULL/ USPAT2
NEWS 5	JAN 13	IPC 8 searching in IFIPAT, IFIUDB, and IFICDB
NEWS 6	JAN 13	New IPC 8 SEARCH, DISPLAY, and SELECT enhancements added to INPADOC
NEWS 7	JAN 17	Pre-1988 INPI data added to MARPAT
NEWS 8	JAN 17	IPC 8 in the WPI family of databases including WPIFV
NEWS 9	JAN 30	Saved answer limit increased
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NEWS 12	FEB 22	Status of current WO (PCT) information on STN
NEWS 13	FEB 22	The IPC thesaurus added to additional patent databases on STN
NEWS 14	FEB 22	Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added
NEWS 15	FEB 27	New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
NEWS 16	FEB 28	MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reload improves functionality
NEWS 17	FEB 28	TOXCENTER reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 18	FEB 28	REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with more experimental spectral property data
NEWS 19	MAR 01	INSPEC reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 20	MAR 03	Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes
NEWS 21	MAR 08	X.25 communication option no longer available after June 2006

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=> reactive (3A) chromatography
L1          490 REACTIVE (3A) CHROMATOGRAPHY

=> nuclephilic or nucleophile
L2        38449 NUCLEPHILIC OR NUCLEOPHILE

=> l2 (3a) chromatography
L3            2 L2 (3A) CHROMATOGRAPHY

=> l1 or l2
L4        38938 L1 OR L2

=> glycosylation or glycosilated or glycopeptide or glycoprotein
L5       625563 GLYCOSYLATION OR GLYCOSILATED OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR GLYCOPROTEIN

=> l4 and l5
L6          576 L4 AND L5

=> dup rem l6
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6
L7           317 DUP REM L6 (259 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> glycosylation or glycosylated or glycopeptide or glycoprotein
L8       671919 GLYCOSYLATION OR GLYCOSYLATED OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR GLYCOPROTEIN

=> l4 (3A) l8
L9           19 L4 (3A) L8

=> dup rem l9
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9
L10           16 DUP REM L9 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

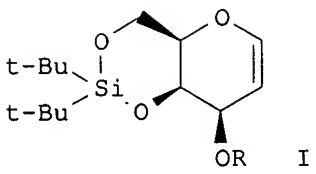
=> d ibib abs total

L10  ANSWER 1 OF 16  CAPLUS  COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:         2004:226893  CAPLUS
TITLE:                    Sulfoxide covalent catalysis: Application to
                          glycosidic bond formation
AUTHOR(S):                Boebel, Timothy A.; Gin, David Y.
```

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign, Urbana, IL, 61801, USA
SOURCE: Abstracts of Papers, 227th ACS National Meeting, Anaheim, CA, United States, March 28-April 1, 2004 (2004), ORGN-021. American Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.
CODEN: 69FGKM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Meeting Abstract
LANGUAGE: English
AB The process of sulfoxide covalent catalysis is established in the context of a versatile dehydrative glycosylation reaction. Hemiacetal donors (1) are activated by benzenesulfonic anhydride and a dialkyl sulfoxide catalyst, n-Bu2SO, for the direct **glycosylation** of various **nucleophiles** (Nu-H). The sulfoxide catalyst functions uniquely in three capacities: first as an O-nucleophile, then as a S+-electrophile, and finally as a leaving group to accomplish turnover.

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:437856 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:337572
TITLE: Phthalimidomethylation of O-nucleophiles with O-phthalimidomethyl trichloroacetimidate: A powerful imidomethylating agent for O-protection
AUTHOR(S): Ali, Ibrahim A. I.; Abdel-Rahman, Adel A.-H.; El Ashry, H. El Sayed; Schmidt, Richard R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Konstanz, Konstanz, 78457, Germany
SOURCE: Synthesis (2003), (7), 1065-1070
CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881
PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:337572
AB The reaction of 2-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione with trichloroacetonitrile gave 2,2,2-trichloroacetimidic acid (1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl ester. Phthalimidomethylation of oxygen nucleophiles by using O-phthalimidomethyl (Pim) trichloroacetimidate in the presence of TMSOTf has been achieved in high yields. Hydrazinolysis of the phthalimido group from the O-derivs. leads to the hydroxy precursors. Thus a convenient method for the protection of oxygen nucleophiles is provided, which complements the repertoire of available hydroxy protecting groups.
REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:456091 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:201497
TITLE: Stereoselective synthesis of pseudoglycal C-glycosides via trichloroacetimidate activation of glycals
AUTHOR(S): Abdel-Rahman, Adel A.-H.; Takhi, Mohamed; El Sayed, H. El Ashry; Schmidt, Richard R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Konstanz, Konstanz, D-78457, Germany
SOURCE: Journal of Carbohydrate Chemistry (2002), 21(1 & 2), 113-122
CODEN: JCACDM; ISSN: 0732-8303
PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:201497
GI



I

AB A variety of functionalized pseudoglycal C-glycosides (C-pseudoglycals or C-hex-2-enopyranosides) have been obtained in excellent yield and stereoselectivity from the trimethylsilyl triflate (Me3SiOTf) catalyzed reaction of I (R = trichloroacetimidate) with silylated nucleophiles such as allyl and propargyl silanes and silyl enol ethers.
REFERENCE COUNT: 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:417817 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:180908
TITLE: Stereoselective 2-deoxy-β-O-glycoside synthesis based on remote activation of novel oxathiine donors
AUTHOR(S): Bartolozzi, Alessandra; Capozzi, Giuseppe; Menichetti, Stefano; Nativi, Cristina
CORPORATE SOURCE: Centro CNR "Chimica dei Composti Eterociclici", Dipartimento di Chimica Organica, Universita di Firenze, Florence, 50121, Italy
SOURCE: European Journal of Organic Chemistry (2001), (11), 2083-2090
CODEN: EJOCFK; ISSN: 1434-193X
PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:180908
AB Stable glyco-fused 1,4-oxathiine derivs., prepared by inverse electron-demand Diels-Alder reactions between suitable 1-glycals and 3-thioxopentane-2,4-dione, have been transformed into unusual glycosyl donors which, after "remote activation", react efficiently with glycosyl acceptors to afford 2-thio-β-O-glycosides with total stereoselectivity. Several O-**nucleophiles** were successfully **glycosylated**. Reductive removal of sulfur transformed the 2-thio-β-O-glycosides into the corresponding 2-deoxy-β-O-glycosides without affecting the stereochem. of the anomeric carbon atom.
REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:881188 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:25335
TITLE: Chromatographic determination of P-glycoprotein-reactive ligands
INVENTOR(S): Wainer, Irving; Zhang, Yanxiao
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Georgetown University, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000075179	A1	20001214	WO 2000-US15820	20000609
W: CA, JP, US				

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

CA 2376825	AA	20001214	CA 2000-2376825	20000609
EP 1181311	A1	20020227	EP 2000-939704	20000609

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-151402P P 19990609
WO 2000-US15820 W 20000609

AB A flow chromatog. system with P-glycoprotein immobilized thereto is used in a method of identifying, isolating, and characterizing ligands that are reactive to P-glycoprotein.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:544755 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:273128
TITLE: A mechanistic study: nucleophile dependence in glucosylation with glucosyl bromides
AUTHOR(S): Bowden, Tim; Garegg, Per J.; Maloisel, Jean-Luc; Konradsson, Peter
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Arrhenius Laboratory, Stockholm University, Stockholm, SE-106 91, Swed.
SOURCE: Israel Journal of Chemistry (2000), 40(3-4), 271-277
CODEN: ISJCAT; ISSN: 0021-2148
PUBLISHER: Laser Pages Publishing
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:273128
AB Glycosylation using glucosyl bromides and various promoters (Et4NBr, HgBr2, or AgOTf) were investigated, competitively and kinetically. The reactions were found to be dependent in both glucosyl bromide and nucleophilic concentration, indicating a SN2-type rate, determining step. For the AgOTf promoted reaction an ion pair mechanism involving glucosyl triflates is suggested.
REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:663280 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:293482
TITLE: An efficient method for catalytic and stereoselective synthesis of 2-deoxy-α-D-glucopyranosides from 3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-glucopyranose and several alcoholic nucleophiles
AUTHOR(S): Takeuchi, Kazuya; Higuchi, Satoshi; Mukaiyama, Teruaki
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Applied Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Science University of Tokyo, Kagurazaka, 162, Japan
SOURCE: Chemistry Letters (1997), (10), 969-970
CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
PUBLISHER: Chemical Society of Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:293482
AB Several 2-deoxy-α-D-glucopyranosides are stereoselectively synthesized in high yields by **glycosylation** of various alc. **nucleophiles** with 3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-glucopyranose using a catalytic amount of trityl tetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate.
REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 8 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:259102 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:305734

TITLE: Highly stereoselective synthesis of 2'-deoxy-α-ribonucleosides and 2-deoxy-α-C-ribofuranosides by remote stereocontrolled glycosylation
AUTHOR(S): Mukaiyama, Teruaki; Ishikawa, Tatsuya; Uchiro, Hiromi
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Applied Chem., Sci. Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 162, Japan
SOURCE: Chemistry Letters (1997), (4), 389-390
CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
PUBLISHER: Nippon Kagakkai
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 126:305734

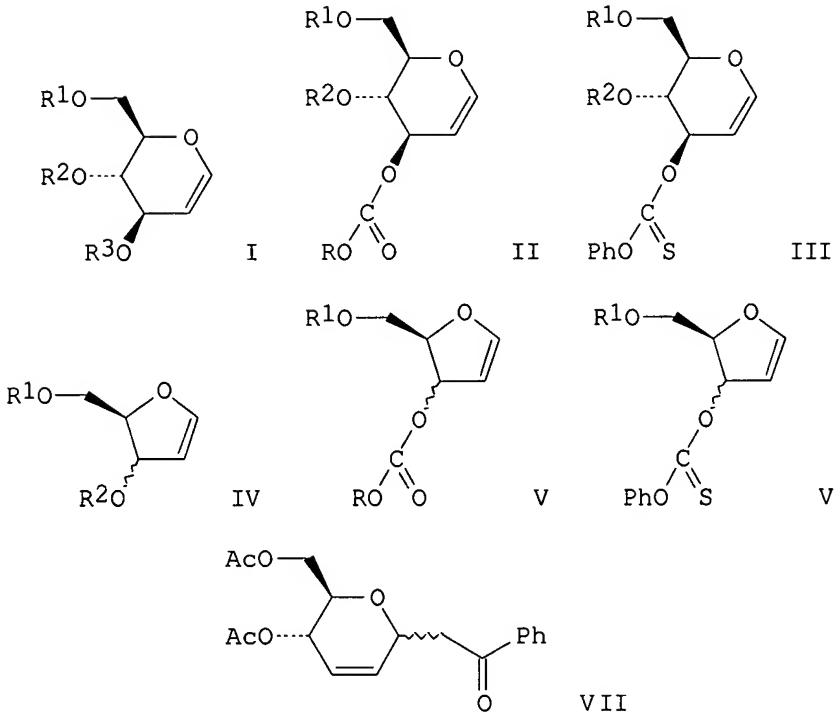
AB A new and efficient method for catalytic highly α-selective N- and C-glycosylations of 2-deoxyribose derivative with various trimethylsilylated nucleophiles was successfully developed by utilizing effective remote stereocontrol with 5-O-diethylthio carbamoyl directing group. Several 2'-deoxy-α-ribonucleosides and precursors of its C-analogs were prepared in good yields with high stereoselectivities.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 9 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:605883 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:205883
TITLE: Synthesis of C-glycosylated compounds using a mild, iodine-catalyzed reaction
INVENTOR(S): Koreeda, Masato; Houston, Todd A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Michigan, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9407899	A1	19940414	WO 1993-US9037	19930923
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5414074	A	19950509	US 1992-951529	19920925
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-951529 A	19920925

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 121:205883; MARPAT 121:205883
GI



AB C1α- and C1β-glycosides were prepared from soft carbon nucleophiles and glycals (I-VI; R = alkyl; R1-R3 = aliphatic or aromatic acyl) in the presence of catalytic iodine. Thus, triacetyl D-glucal and cat. iodine in THF at -50° were treated with acetophenone trimethylsilyl enol ether and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature over 12 h to give 78% title compound VII as a 2.7:1 mixture of α/β epimers.

L10 ANSWER 10 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:265819 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:106272
TITLE: A new method for the glycosylation of 1-hydroxyl sugars: Use of methoxyacetic acid and ytterbium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate as catalytic promoters
AUTHOR(S): Yokoyama, Y.; Hanamoto, T.; Inanaga, J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute Molecular Science, Okazaki, 444, Japan
SOURCE: Kidorui (1993), 22, 46-7
CODEN: KIDOEP; ISSN: 0910-2205
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Japanese
AB O-Protected 1-hydroxyl sugars are effectively cross-coupled with a variety of alcs. and thiols to give the corresponding glycosides by using a catalytic amount of methoxyacetic acid and ytterbium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate [Yb(OTf)3].

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:265817 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:106271
TITLE: New glycosylation using lanthanoid(III) complex catalysts
AUTHOR(S): Yokoyama, Y.; Hanamoto, T.; Inanaga, J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute Molecular Science, Okazaki, 444, Japan
SOURCE: Kidorui (1993), 22, 42-3
CODEN: KIDOEP; ISSN: 0910-2205
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Japanese

AB In the presence of a catalytic amount of lanthanoid(III) complex such as Tb(OTf)3, Ho(OTf)3, Tm(OTf)3 or Yb(OTf)3, 1-O-methoxyacetyl sugars react with a variety of alcs. and thiols to give the corresponding glycosides in good to excellent yields.

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:164644 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:164644
TITLE: Direct preparation of 2-deoxy-D-glucopyranosides from glucals without Ferrier rearrangement
AUTHOR(S): Bolitt, Veronique; Mioskowski, Charles; Lee, S. G.; Falck, J. R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Southwest. Med. Cent., Univ. Texas, Dallas, TX, 75235, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1990), 55(23), 5812-13
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 114:164644
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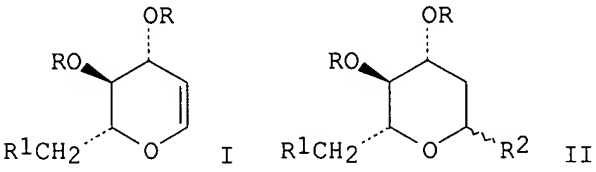

AB An efficient catalytic procedure for the preparation of 2-deoxyglucosides from glucals without allylic or Ferrier rearrangement using triphenylphosphine hydrobromide and a wide variety of hydroxylic nucleophiles is described. Thus, glucals I [R = Ac, CH2Ph, CH2C6H3(OMe)2-3,4, R1 = OR, H], when treated with Ph3PHBr and EtOH, PhOH, p-ClC6H4OH, AcOH, or MeC6H4CO2H, gave glycosides II [R = Ac, R1 = OAc, R2 = EtO, PhO; R = CH2Ph, R1 = OCH2Ph, R2 = p-ClC6H4O, AcO; R = CH2C6H3(OMe)2-3,4, R1 = OCH2C6H3(OMe)2-3,4, R2 = EtO, PhO, AcO, p-MeC6H4CO2].

L10 ANSWER 13 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:458185 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:58185
TITLE: Stereoselective 1,2-cis glycosylation reaction of 1-O-acetylribose with silylated nucleophiles promoted by a new catalyst system
AUTHOR(S): Mukaiyama, Teruaki; Shimpuku, Tetsuro; Takashima, Toru; Kobayashi, Shu
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Sci. Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 162, Japan
SOURCE: Chemistry Letters (1989), (1), 145-8
CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:58185
AB 1,2-cis-Ribofuranosides are stereoselectively prepared in high yields by the reaction of 1-O-acetyl-2,3,5-tri-O-benzyl-β-D-ribofuranose with silylated nucleophiles by the promotion of a new catalyst system, the combined use of a catalytic amount of tin(IV) chloride and tin(II) triflate with a stoichiometric amount of lithium perchlorate.

L10 ANSWER 14 OF 16 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:87248 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV198885044020; BA85:44020
TITLE: 5 AZA-7-DEAZA-2'-DEOXYGUANOSINE STUDIES ON THE

GLYCOSYLATION OF WEAKLY NUCLEOPHILIC IMIDAZO-1 2-A-S-TRIAZINYL ANIONS.

AUTHOR(S): ROSEMEYER H [Reprint author]; SEELA F

CORPORATE SOURCE: LAB ORGAN BIOORGAN CHEM, FACHBEREICH BIOL/CHEM, UNIV OSNABRUECK, D-4500 OSNABRUECK, FRG

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry, (1987) Vol. 52, No. 23, pp. 5136-5143.
CODEN: JOCEAH. ISSN: 0022-3263.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

FILE SEGMENT: BA

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 11 Feb 1988
Last Updated on STN: 11 Feb 1988

AB 5-Aza-7-deaza-2'-deoxyguanosine (1) has been synthesized by glycosylation of the anions of the imidazo[1,2-α]-s-triazines 3 or 4b with 2-deoxydi-O-(p-toluoyl)-α-D-erythro-pentofuranosyl chloride (7a). Glycosylation was carried out under liquid-liquid or solid-liquid phase-transfer conditions with Bu4NHSO4 or the cryptand TDA-1 as catalyst as well as in the presence of NaH. In contrast to the stereospecific **glycosylation** occurring at hard **nucleophiles**, **glycosylation** was not stereospecific in the case of weakly nucleophilic imidazo [1,2-α]-s-triazines; α- and β-anomers were formed by applying the three different glycosylation methods. Configurational as well as conformational parameters of the deoxynucleosides 1 and 2 were determined by one- and two-dimensional FT-NMR spectroscopy. Both anomeric 2'-deoxyguanosine isoteres exhibit the anti conformation at the N-glycosylic bond, a predominant C-2'-endo sugar puckering, and a (-sc) conformation around the C-4'-C-5' bond.

L10 ANSWER 15 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:423236 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:23236

TITLE: Convenient synthesis of C-α-D-ribofuranosyl compounds from 1-O-acetyl-2,3,5-tri-O-benzyl-β-D-ribose by the promotion of triphenylmethyl perchlorate

AUTHOR(S): Mukaiyama, Teruaki; Kobayashi, Shu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 113, Japan

SOURCE: Carbohydrate Research (1987), 171, 81-7
CODEN: CRBRAT; ISSN: 0008-6215

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 109:23236

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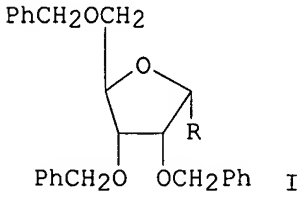

I

AB In the presence of a catalytic amount of triphenylmethyl perchlorate (trityl perchlorate), 1-O-acetyl-2,3,5-tri-O-benzyl-β-D-ribose stereoselectively reacted with trimethylsilyl nucleophiles, such as trimethylsilyl enol ether, allylsilane, and trimethylsilyl cyanide, to give the corresponding C-α-D-ribofuranosyl derivs., e.g., I (R = CH2COCMe3, CH2COPh, CH2CH:CH2), in excellent yields. Similarly, a C-α-D-ribofuranosyl compound was obtained stereoselectively in high yield by use of a flow system with polymer-supported triphenylmethyl perchlorate, prepared from polystyrene-bound triphenylmethanol, packed in a glass-tube column.

L10 ANSWER 16 OF 16 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:46966 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV198783026312; BA83:26312
TITLE: CHARACTERIZATION OF OLIGOSACCHARIDES THAT BIND TO HUMAN ANTI-MYELIN-ASSOCIATED GLYCOPROTEIN ANTIBODIES AND TO THE MOUSE MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY HNK-1.
AUTHOR(S): SHY N E [Reprint author]; GABEL C A; VIETORISZ E C; LATOV N
CORPORATE SOURCE: COLUMBIA UNIV, COLL PHYSICIANS SURG, 630 WEST 168TH ST, BLACK BUILD 323, NEW YORK, NY 10032, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Neuroimmunology, (1986) Vol. 12, No. 4, pp. 291-298.
CODEN: JNRIDW. ISSN: 0165-5728.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
FILE SEGMENT: BA
LANGUAGE: ENGLISH
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 7 Jan 1987
Last Updated on STN: 7 Jan 1987

AB In some patients with neuropathy and IgM M-proteins the M-proteins bind to a carbohydrate determinant that is shared by the CNS and PNS myelin-associated glycoprotein (MAG) and by several additional glycoproteins and 2 glycolipids in peripheral nerve. The HNK-1 mouse monoclonal antibody binds to the same glycoproteins and glycolipids as well as to a number of other neuronal adhesion molecules and to human natural killer cells. To isolate the epitope-bearing oligosaccharides from their respective glycoproteins were digested delipidated spinal cord and peripheral nerve with pronase. The resulting glycopeptides were fractionated by concanavalin A-Sepharose chromatography to yield tri- and tetraantennary-complex, biantennary-complex and high mannose-type glycopeptides. Glycopeptides bearing the antigenic determinant were identified by their higher ability to block binding of M-proteins and HNK-1 antibodies to MAG-coated microwells by enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). Blocking activity as detected in the tri- and tetraantennary glycopeptide fraction from both CNS and PNS. The blocking activity was destroyed by pretreatment of the isolated glycopeptides and mild acid hydrolysis. Further fractionation by gel filtration **chromatography** indicated that the **reactive glycopeptides** from peripheral nerve and spinal cord eluted in the same position. The data suggest that CNS and PNS MAG and other peripheral nerve glycoproteins share similar oligosaccharides, and that the M-proteins and HNK-1 bind to the same structures.

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=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:34:56 ON 21 MAR 2006)

FILE 'BIOSIS, EMBASE, MEDLINE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:35:21 ON 21 MAR 2006
L1 490 REACTIVE (3A) CHROMATOGRAPHY
L2 38449 NUCLEPHILIC OR NUCLEOPHILE
L3 2 L2 (3A) CHROMATOGRAPHY
L4 38938 L1 OR L2
L5 625563 GLYCOSYLATION OR GLYCOSILATED OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR GLYCOPROTEIN
L6 576 L4 AND L5
L7 317 DUP REM L6 (259 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L8 671919 GLYCOSYLATION OR GLYCOSYLATED OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR GLYCOPROTEIN
L9 19 L4 (3A) L8
L10 16 DUP REM L9 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> l1 and review
L11 10 L1 AND REVIEW

=> dup rem l11

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11
L12 10 DUP REM L11 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib abs total

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1275833 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:90249
TITLE: Process intensification by reactive carriers in reactive extraction and -sorption
AUTHOR(S): Bart, Hans-Joerg
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lehrstuhl fuer Thermische Verfahrenstechnik, TU Kaiserlautern, Kaiserlautern, D-67653, Germany
SOURCE: Chemie Ingenieur Technik (2005), 77(11), 1773-1783
CODEN: CITEAH; ISSN: 0009-286X
PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: German
AB A **review**. A survey on types of liquid ion exchangers (including chiral selectors for separation of optical isomers) for use in reactive extraction as neat substance, in solution, in micelles and liquid membranes, and on solid carriers is given. Aspects of selecting reactive extractants and of the tech. realization are discussed. Reactive adsorption and chromatog. techniques are described, including ring gap and simulated moving bed chromatog.
REFERENCE COUNT: 69 THERE ARE 69 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1062606 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:389061
TITLE: Integration of reaction and material separation
AUTHOR(S): Kienle, Achim; Sundmacher, Kai; Seidel-Morgenstern, Andreas
CORPORATE SOURCE: Max-lanck-Institut fuer Dynamik komplexer technischer Systeme, Institut fuer Automatisierungstechnik, Otto-von-Guericke-Universitaet, Magdeburg, D-39106, Germany
SOURCE: Chemie Ingenieur Technik (2005), 77(9), 1417-1429
CODEN: CITEAH; ISSN: 0009-286X
PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: German
AB A **review** on reactive separation processes. Potentials and limitations of reactive distillation, membrane reactor processes, and reactive chromatog. are described for reversible reactions under the conditions of various separation behavior of educts and products (volatility, mass transfer, mobility). It is pointed out that the reaction remains incomplete, if reaction and separation compensate each other. A uniform theory of reactive separation processes is presented which allows to predict the performance of such processes.
REFERENCE COUNT: 77 THERE ARE 77 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:492478 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:151616
TITLE: Characterization of polycarbonate branch and crosslinking structure by **reactive** pyrolysis gas **chromatography**
AUTHOR(S): Tsuge, Shin; Otani, Hajime; Ohba, Yoshifumi
CORPORATE SOURCE: Graduate School of Engineering, Department of Applied Chemistry, Nagoya University, Japan
SOURCE: Kobunshi Kako (2001), 50(5), 201-208

CODEN: KOKABN; ISSN: 0023-2564
PUBLISHER: Kobunshi Kankokai
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: Japanese
AB A **review** with refs. on the pyrolysis gas chromatog. (Py-GC) in the presence of tetramethylammonium hydroxide, the system structure of Py-GC, and anal. of polycarbonate branch and crosslinking structure.

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:653859 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:276562
TITLE: Characterization of synthetic high-polymers and natural organic compounds by **reactive** pyrolysis-gas **chromatography**
AUTHOR(S): Ishida, Yasuyuki; Ohtani, Hajime; Tsuge, Shin
CORPORATE SOURCE: Grad. Sch. Eng., Nagoya Univ., Nagoya, 464-8603, Japan
SOURCE: Bunseki Kagaku (1998), 47(10), 673-688
CODEN: BNSKAK; ISSN: 0525-1931
PUBLISHER: Nippon Bunseki Kagakkai
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: Japanese
AB A **review** with 31 refs. In this paper, some features of reactive pyrolysis-gas chromatog., (reactive Py-GC) in the presence of various chemical reagents, such as an organic alkali or solid acid, are first presented.
Then, typical applications of the reactive Py-GC to compositional anal. and a microstructural characterization of various synthetic high-polymers and natural organic compds. are overviewed. These applications include; (1) the determination of end groups and the chemical composition of polycarbonates; (2) the determination of cationic comonomers in polyacryamide resins; (3) a study of the degradation mechanism of fully aromatic polyesters during reactive pyrolysis in the presence of an organic alkali; (4) the determination of rosin sizing agents in paper; (5) the determination of lipid components contained in a single zooplanter individual; and (6) the evaluation of sequence distributions of thermally stabilized polyacetals. All of these applications made significant contributions to opening up new practical methods to characterize the chemical composition and microstructure of engineering plastics and natural organic compds. to which conventional anal. methods often encountered various difficulties: (1) insufficient sensitivity for a trace amount of available samples weighing on the μg order, (2) the requirement of time-consuming, and loss and/or contamination-causing pretreatment of samples, and/or (3) insufficient solubility of samples in most solvents for spectroscopic measurements. Furthermore, the future scope of reactive Py-GC is briefly discussed.

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:202637 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:202637
TITLE: **Chromatography** on immobilized **reactive** dyes
AUTHOR(S): Stellwagen, Earle
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem., Univ. Iowa, Iowa City, IA, USA
SOURCE: Methods in Enzymology (1990), 182(Guide Protein Purif.), 343-57
CODEN: MENZAU; ISSN: 0076-6879
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: English
AB A **review** with 27 refs.

L12 ANSWER 6 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:179108 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:179108
TITLE: Gas chromatographic analysis of reactive gases
AUTHOR(S): Nitzsche, Volker; Kolditz, Lothar
CORPORATE SOURCE: Zentralinst. Anorg. Chem., Dtsch. Akad. Wiss., Berlin, DDR-1199, Ger. Dem. Rep.
SOURCE: Zeitschrift fuer Chemie (1985), 25(10), 375-6
CODEN: ZECEAL; ISSN: 0044-2402
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: German
AB A **review** with 6 refs. Modifications of the metallic components of the gas chromatograph and stationary phases, especially Porapak T, to eliminate their interaction with the reactive gases are discussed. Elimination of water interference is also discussed.

L12 ANSWER 7 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:113742 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:113742
TITLE: **Reactive chromatography**: its possibilities and limits
AUTHOR(S): Sardin, M.; Schweich, D.; Villermaux, J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Sci. Genie Chim., Ec. Natl. Super. Ind. Chim., Nancy, Fr.
SOURCE: Informations Chimie (1984), 255, 253-5
CODEN: INFCA8; ISSN: 0020-045X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: French
AB Using the transesterification of menthol with EtOAc for the preparation of menthyl acetate as an example, reactive chromatog. for improvement of conversion and purity of products was reviewed with 4 refs.

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:211149 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:211149
TITLE: Preparation of porous polymers containing functional groups for subtraction of particular compounds in gas chromatography
AUTHOR(S): Sugii, Atsushi
CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharma Coll., Kumamoto Univ., Japan
SOURCE: Bunseki (1984), (3), 206-10
CODEN: BUNSD3; ISSN: 0386-2178
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: Japanese
AB A **review** with 19 refs.

L12 ANSWER 9 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:440189 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:40189
TITLE: **Chromatography** of **reactive** dyes
AUTHOR(S): Cee, Ales
CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Advan. Chem. Technol., Pardubice, Czech.
SOURCE: Sbornik Vedeckych Praci - Vysoka Skola Chemickotechnologicka Pardubice (1967), No. 16(Pt. 2), 205-26
CODEN: SVPVA9; ISSN: 0553-2124
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
LANGUAGE: Czech
AB A **review**. Paper and thin-layer chromatog. are very reliable for testing the purity of dyes and determining the identity and constitution of newly discovered dyes. Chromatog. can be used for quick determination if an examined dye is a mixture or pure substance; also adequate reactivity or undesirable hydrolysis during storage can be determined Solvent systems leading to optimal resolution are recommended for different types of fiber-reactive dyes. 39 references.

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:405762 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 59:5762
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:1064g-h
TITLE: Some applications of gas chromatography in inorganic chemistry
AUTHOR(S): Phillips, C. S. G.; Timms, P. L.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Oxford, UK
SOURCE: Anal. Chem. (1963), 35, 505-10
CODEN: ANCHAM; ISSN: 0003-2700
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB Volatile, reactive, toxic inorg. compds. are conveniently handled by gas chromatography for both identification and separation The volatile hydrides of Si and Ge, prepared by the hydrolysis of an alloy of Mg with Si and (or) Ge, are readily separated and identified by this technique used in combination with vapor pressure measurements, mass spectrometry, nuclear magnetic resonance, infrared, and mol. weight detns. for verification. As the number of atoms in the straight chain silanes, germanes, and silicogermanes increases regularly, the retention time increases. The branched chain isomers have slightly lower retention times as is true for hydrocarbons. A short **review** of active inorg. column materials is given. 17 references.

=> glycosylation (3a) purification
L13 81 GLYCOSYLATION (3A) PURIFICATION

=> dup rem l13
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L13
L14 48 DUP REM L13 (33 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 48 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
DUPLICATE 1
AN 2006:9832 BIOSIS
DN PREV200600000143
TI Production, crystallization and X-ray characterization of chemically glycosylated hen egg-white lysozyme.
AU Lopez-Jaramillo, F. J. [Reprint Author]; Perez-Banderas, F.; Hernandez-Mateo, F.; Santoyo-Gonzalez, F.
CS UGRA, Fac Ciencias,CSIC, Inst Andaluz Ciencias Tierra, Lab Estudios Cristalog, Campus Fuentenueva, Granada 18002, Spain
javier@lec.ugr.es
SO Acta Crystallographica Section F Structural Biology and Crystallization Communications, (APR 2005) Vol. 61, No. Part 4, pp. 435-438.
ISSN: 1744-3091. E-ISSN: 1744-3091.
DT Article
LA English
ED Entered STN: 14 Dec 2005
Last Updated on STN: 14 Dec 2005

=> l14 and (reaction or nucleophilic or nucleophile)
L15 6 L14 AND (REACTION OR NUCLEOPHILIC OR NUCLEOPHILE)

=> d ibib abs total

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:9832 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200600000143
TITLE: Production, crystallization and X-ray characterization of chemically glycosylated hen egg-white lysozyme.
AUTHOR(S): Lopez-Jaramillo, F. J. [Reprint Author]; Perez-Banderas,

F.; Hernandez-Mateo, F.; Santoyo-Gonzalez, F.
CORPORATE SOURCE: UGRA, Fac Ciencias,CSIC, Inst Andaluz Ciencias Tierra, Lab Estudios Cristalog, Campus Fuentenueva, Granada 18002, Spain
javier@lec.ugr.es
SOURCE: Acta Crystallographica Section F Structural Biology and Crystallization Communications, (APR 2005) Vol. 61, No. Part 4, pp. 435-438.
ISSN: 1744-3091. E-ISSN: 1744-3091.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 14 Dec 2005
Last Updated on STN: 14 Dec 2005

AB The crystallization of glycoproteins is one of the challenges to be confronted by the crystallographic community in the frame of what is known as glycobiology. The state of the art for the crystallization of glycoproteins is not promising and removal of the carbohydrate chains is generally suggested since they are flexible and a source of heterogeneity. In this paper, the feasibility of introducing glucose into the model protein hen egg-white lysozyme via a post-**purification glycosylation reaction** that may turn any protein into a model glycoprotein whose carbohydrate fraction can be manipulated is demonstrated.

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:213471 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300213471
TITLE: Evaluation of phenylboronate agarose for industrial-scale purification of erythropoietin from mammalian cell cultures.
AUTHOR(S): Zanette, Dino; Soffientini, Adolfo; Sottani, Cristina; Sarubbi, Edoardo [Reprint Author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: Protein Production, Aventis Pharma, 102 route de Noisy, 93235, Romainville, France
edoardo.sarubbi@aventis.com
SOURCE: Journal of Biotechnology, (20 March 2003) Vol. 101, No. 3, pp. 275-287. print.
ISSN: 0168-1656 (ISSN print).
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 30 Apr 2003
Last Updated on STN: 30 Apr 2003

AB The search for novel, cost-effective ways to produce erythropoietin (Epo), the world top-selling biopharmaceutical, is a major challenge for today's biotechnology industry. However, Epo's high glycosylation content (almost 40% of total mass) and the requirement for sialic acid for optimal in vivo activity still make mammalian cells the expression system of choice. In contrast to the abundance of reports on Epo production, robust, cost-effective methods for large-scale Epo purification can hardly be found in literature. To fill this gap, we describe here a process specifically studied for industrial-scale purification of the protein. Our method is based on the ability of phenylboronate agarose (PBA) to form reversible complexes with 1,2-cis-diol-containing molecules, like sugars in glycoproteins. Finding that additional factors (i.e., ionic and hydrophobic interactions) contribute to the Epo-PBA binding **reaction**, chromatography conditions have been optimized in scale-down experiments to improve selectivity and yield. As a result, the high performance of affinity chromatography has been achieved using a support possessing the robustness, chemical stability and low cost of a small synthetic ligand. By adding an anion exchange chromatography step and gel filtration for polishing, a pure and active product can easily be obtained by an integrated, start-to-end process optimized for industrial-scale operations.

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:489754 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000489875
TITLE: Prokaryotic expression, purification, and reconstitution of biological activities (antiprotease, antitumor, and heparin-binding) for tissue factor pathway inhibitor-2.
AUTHOR(S): Rao, C. N. [Reprint author]; Reddy, Prasad; Reeder, Dennis J.; Liu, Yueying; Stack, Sharon M.; Kisiel, W.; Woodley, David T.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Prostate Disease Research, 1530 East Jefferson Street, Rockville, MD, 20852, USA
SOURCE: Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, (October 5, 2000) Vol. 276, No. 3, pp. 1286-1294. print.
CODEN: BBRCA9. ISSN: 0006-291X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 15 Nov 2000
Last Updated on STN: 10 Jan 2002

AB We report the expression of tissue factor pathway inhibitor-2 (TFPI-2) (also known as PP-5, placental protein-5; MSPI, matrix-associated serine protease inhibitor) in E. coli as a 25-kDa nonglycosylated protein with a glycine substituted for aspartic acid at the amino terminus. High-level expression of TFPI-2 was obtained with pRE1 expression vector under the transcriptional and translational controls of the lambdaPL promoter and lambdacII ribosome-binding site, respectively, with ATG initiation codon. TFPI-2 was produced as inclusion bodies and accounted for 25-30% of the total E. coli proteins. The inclusion bodies containing TFPI-2 were solubilized with urea, sulfitolyzed, purified, and refolded through a disulfide interchange **reaction**. The refolded E. coli TFPI-2 inhibited plasmin with an inhibition constant (Ki) of 5 nM that is similar with the TFPI-2 expressed in a mammalian system. The refolded E. coli TFPI-2 bound heparin and also inhibited plasmin, regardless of whether the enzyme was in the fluid phase or was bound to the membranes of HT-1080 fibrosarcoma cells. In addition, refolded E. coli TFPI-2 inhibited radiolabeled matrix degradation and Matrigel matrix invasion by HT-1080 fibrosarcoma cells and B16-F10 melanoma cells. Together, our results suggest that glycosylation is not essential for antiprotease, antitumor, and matrix-binding activities of TFPI-2. Based on these collective data, we conclude that a biologically active nonglycosylated TFPI-2 can be produced in E. coli and that the protein can be produced in high-enough quantities to conduct in vivo studies for determination of the role of this inhibitor in tumor invasion and metastasis.

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:352832 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000352832
TITLE: **Glycosylation** of macrolide antibiotics. **Purification** and kinetic studies of a macrolide glycosyltransferase from Streptomyces antibioticus.
AUTHOR(S): Quiros, Luis M.; Carbajo, Rodrigo J.; Brana, Alfredo F.; Salas, Jose A. [Reprint author]
CORPORATE SOURCE: Departamento de Biologia Funcional, Universidad de Oviedo, 33006, Oviedo, Spain
SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry, (April 21, 2000) Vol. 275, No. 16, pp. 11713-11720. print.
CODEN: JBCHA3. ISSN: 0021-9258.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
LANGUAGE: English
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Aug 2000
Last Updated on STN: 8 Jan 2002

AB The oleD gene has been identified in the oleandomycin producer Streptomyces antibioticus and it codes a macrolide glycosyltransferase that is able to transfer a glucose moiety from UDP-glucose (UDP-Glc) to many macrolides. The glycosyltransferase coded by the oleD gene has been purified 371-fold from a Streptomyces lividans clone expressing this protein. The **reaction** product was isolated, and its structure

EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	76155	glycopeptide or glycoprotein or glycosylation or glycosilated	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/03/21 14:22
L2	2221	beta near3 elimination	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/03/21 14:24
L3	443	l1 and l2	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/03/21 14:27
L4	357	l1 and l2 and (thiol or amine or hydroxy or hydroxyl)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/03/21 14:28
L5	370	l1 and l2 and (thiol or amine or hydroxy or hydroxyl or nucleophile or nucleophilic)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/03/21 14:29
L6	181	l1 and l2 and (thiol or amine or hydroxy or hydroxyl or nucleophile or nucleophilic) and resin	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/03/21 14:37
L7	177	l1 and l2 and (thiol or amine or hydroxy or hydroxyl or nucleophile or nucleophilic) and resin and (separation or purification or chromatography)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/03/21 14:38